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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
9	FOR THE CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
10	MELVIN ANTHONY JR., pro se	CASE NO	. CV12-9057-CAS (JCGx)			
11			, ,			
12	Plaintiff	REPLY BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO DISMISS				
13	v.	MOTION	TO DISMISS			
14	CACH, LLC, a Colorado limited	Date: Time:	March 11, 2013 10:00 a.m.			
15	liability company,	-				
16	Defendant.					
17						
18	Defendant CACH, LLC hereby submits its reply brief in support of its Motion					
19	to Dismiss:					
20	. I.					
21	INTRODUCTION					
22	Plaintiff's Opposition fails to address the deficiencies present in the					
23	Complaint and the court should dismiss the Complaint in its entirety.					
24	First, Plaintiff's claim for violation of the Fair Credit Reporting Act on the					
25	grounds that Defendant improperly pulled his credit report fails as a matter of law					
26	because Defendant had a permissible purpose to pull Plaintiff's credit report in					
27	"review of collection of an account of the consumer." 15. U.S.C. §1681b(a)(3)(A.)					
28	Similarly, Plaintiff's claim that Defendants failed to report his debt as disputed fails					

because there is no requirement that Defendants do so. Rather, 15 U.S.C. §1681i pertains to consumer reporting agencies, not to Defendants.

Second, Plaintiff's claim under §1692(g) of the FDCPA for Defendants' failure to validate the debt fails as a matter of law because Plaintiff did not request validation of the debt within the time for him to do so. 15 U.S.C. §1692g(A)(4).

Finally, Plaintiff's claim of "overshadowing" fails as a matter of law because Plaintiff fails to make any factual allegation identifying an actual communication that overshadowed a statutorily imposed warning.

Plaintiff fails to plead facts establishing any violation of either the FDCPA or FCRA and Plaintiff's complaint should be dismissed in its entirety.

II.

## PLAINTIFF'S CLAIMS UNDER THE FCRA FAIL AS A MATTER OF LAW.

The law is clear that a debt collector may obtain a consumer report if the collector does so for the purposes of collecting a debt. See, 15 U.S.C. §1681b(a)(3)(A); Pyle v. First National Collection Bureau, 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 56737, \*7-8 (E.D. Cal., April 23, 2012); see also, Rodriguez v. Cavalry Portfolio Services, LLC, 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 30295 (S.D. Cal., March 6, 2012) ("[Plaintiff] alleges that [Defendant pulled his credit report for an improper purpose. He is wrong. A debt collector may access a consumer's credit report in the course of collecting a credit card debt from that consumer."). "It is not necessary for Plaintiff to have had direct dealings with defendant in order for the defendant to lawfully obtain a consumer report." Id. (quoting Hinkle v. CBE Grp., 2012 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 26545 (S.D. Ga 2012)). Here, Defendant CACH was assigned all the rights associated with the account by the original creditor, Bank of America, after Plaintiff defaulted on his account. Accordingly, any claim by Plaintiff that Defendant improperly pulled his credit report fails as a matter of law where Defendant was entitled to do so in the course of collecting a debt.

Further, Plaintiff's claim that Defendant failed to report the debt as disputed under 15 U.S.C. §1681i also fails as a matter of law because Defendant is <u>not</u> a consumer reporting agency. *See, Caltabiano v BSB Bank & Trust Co.* 387 F. Supp. 2d 135, 140-141 (2005 E.D. N.Y.) (holding that 15 U.S.C. §§ 1681e, 1681g, and1681i apply to consumer reporting agencies); *see also Rush v. Macy's New York, Inc.*, 775 F.2d 1554, 1557 (7th Cir. 1985) (holding that only a consumer reporting agency can be held liable for claims under the FCRA). The requirement that Defendant report a debt is disputed falls only on consumer reporting agencies. Defendant is not a consumer reporting agency and thus cannot be held liable for alleged violations of 15 U.SC. §1681i.

## III. PLAINTIFF'S CLAIM UNDER THE FDCPA FAILS AS A MATTER OF LAW

The FDCPA is clear that a consumer only has thirty days in which to request validation of a debt:

- (a) Within five days after the initial communication with a consumer in connection with the collection of any debt, a debt collector shall, unless the following information is contained in the initial communication or the consumer has paid the debt, send the consumer a written notice containing
- (3) a statement that unless the consumer, within thirty days after receipt of the notice, disputes the validity of the debt, or any portion thereof, the debt will be assumed to be valid by the debt collector;
- (4) a statement that if the consumer notifies the debt collector in writing within the thirty-day period that the debt, or any portion thereof, is disputed, the debt collector will obtain verification of the debt or a copy of

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the judgment against the consumer and a copy of such verification or judgment will be mailed to the consumer by the debt collector. 15 U.S.C. §1692g(a)(3) and (4).

Here, Plaintiff alleges that he did not request validation of the debt until a year after the lawsuit was filed. (Complaint ¶10, p.5.) The complaint establishes that Plaintiff failed to request validation of the debt within the 30 day period. Accordingly, Defendants could not have violated 15 U.S.C. 1692g(a) when Plaintiff did not make his request for validation within the time required to do so. This claim fails as a matter of law and the Complaint should be dismissed in its entirety.

## IV. PLAINTIFF'S CLAIM FOR 'OVERSHADOWING' FAILS AS A MATTER OF LAW.

The law is clear that a collection agency may issue a written communication soliciting a method of payment without overshadowing a consumer warning to dispute debt within 30 days of initial notice. *See, Higgins v Capitol Credit Services, Inc.*, 762 F. Supp 1128, 1135 (1991 U.S. Dist. Del.) (Holding that collection agency's follow-up notice to debtor was not improper under 15 USCS § 1692g(a), where notice said that account must be settled within 10 days to stop legal action from commencing, because notice merely encouraged payment of debt and did not overshadow debtor's right to dispute debt within 30 days of initial notice.) Here, Plaintiff fails to specify what communication purportedly overshadowed any consumer warning. Plaintiff further fails to identify the method of overshadowing. This claim fails as a matter of law.

## V. CONCLUSION

Based on the foregoing, Defendants request that the Court dismiss Plaintiff's Complaint in its entirety.

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HAYES SCOTT BONINO ELLINGSON & DATED: February 25, 2013 McLAY, LLP By: DARA M. TANG Attorneys for Defendant CACH, LLC 

1	CASE N	AME:	Anthony v. CACH, LLC		
2	ACTIO	NO.:	CV12-9057-CAS (JCGx)		
3			PROOF OF SERVICE		
4	I	am a citi	izen of the United States. My business address is 203 Redwood Shores Parkway		
5	Suite 480, Redwood City, California 94065. I am employed in the County of San Mateo where the service occurs. I am over the age of 18 years, and not a party to the within cause. I am readifamiliar with my employer's normal business practice for collection and processing correspondence for mailing with the U.S. Postal Service, and that practice is that correspondence deposited with the U.S. Postal Service the same day as the day of collection in the ordinary cours of business.				
6 7					
8	On the date set forth below, following ordinary business practice, I served a true copy of the foregoing document(s) described as:				
10	REPLY BRIEF IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO DISMISS				
11			X) by transmitting via facsimile the document(s) listed above to the fax		
12		number(s) set forth below, or as stated on the attached service list, on this dat before 5:00 p.m.			
13	(BY MAIL) I caused such envelope(s) with postage thereon fully prepaid to be placed in the United States mail at Redwood City, California.				
14			RSONAL SERVICE) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand to the offices of the addressee(s) by 12:00 p.m.		
15 16	(BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY) I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered to an overnight delivery carrier with delivery fees provided for, addressed to the person(s) on whom it is to be served.				
17 18		the ema	MAIL) by transmitting via electronic mail the document(s) listed above to il address(es) set forth below, or as stated on the attached service list, on before 5:00 p.m.		
19			Melvin Anthony Jr.		
20			c/o 6336 High Cliff Lane Fontana, CA 92336		
21			Telephone: 818.917.9570		
22			In Pro Per		
23	X		l) I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of ia that the above is true and correct.		
24					
25	<u> </u>	executed	on February 25, 2013 at Redwood City, California.		
26			<u>Ghl/liel CelCll</u> Abigail Calderon		
27					
28					